



Strathmore
UNIVERSITY

STRATHMORE INSTITUTE OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES
MASTER OF SCIENCE IN STATISTICAL SCIENCE
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
STA 8201 BAYESIAN MODELLING AND DATA ANALYSIS

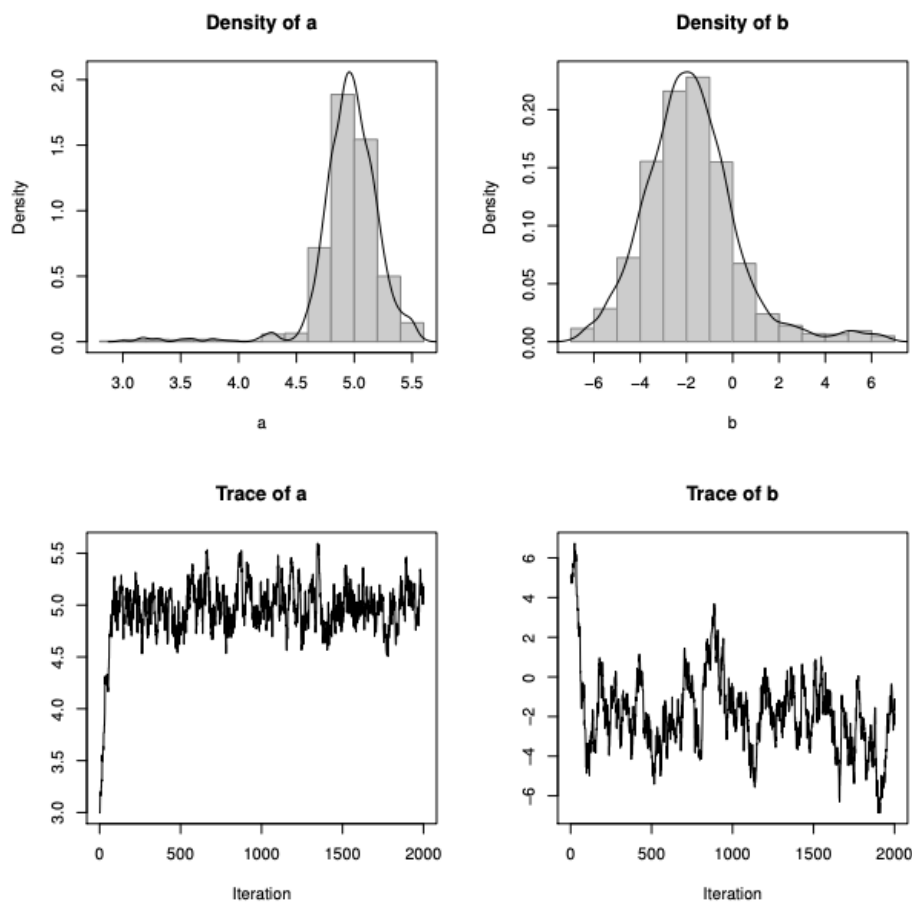
Date: 2nd May 2023

Duration: 3 Hours

Answer Question ONE and any other Two questions:

Question 1 (30 marks)

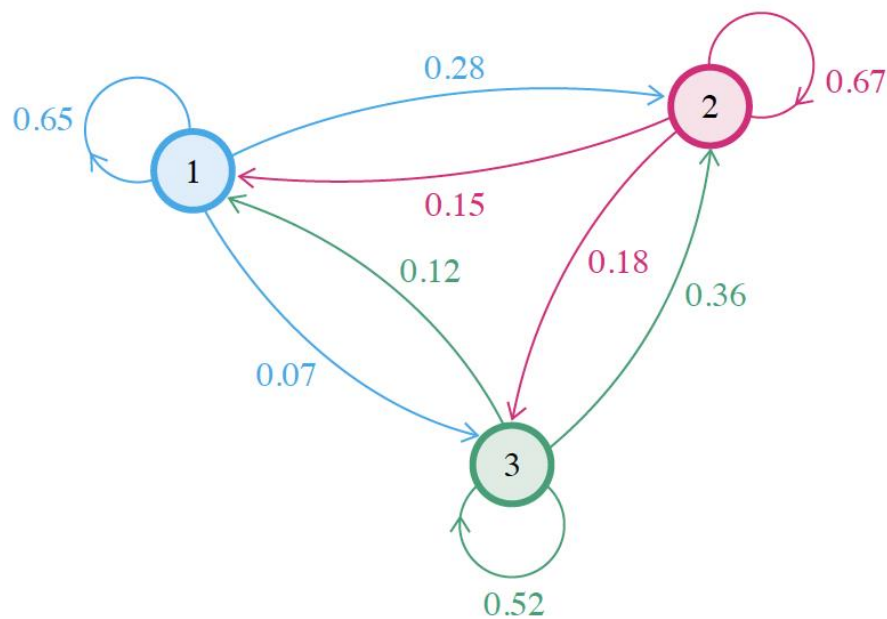
- a. Explain the terms “thinning” and “burn-in” and the purpose of each in the context of the following plots of output from a Gibbs sampler. What thinning and burn-in would you recommend for this problem? (6 marks)



b. Briefly describe Gibbs sampler for parameters θ_1 , θ_2 , and θ_3 , with joint posterior distribution $p(\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3 | y)$ (6 marks)

c. Why do you think Food & Drug Administration (FDA) does not have much faith on the use Bayesian inference in Clinical Trials? How do you convince FDA to allow Bayesian inference in a Clinical Trial analysis?

d. Find the transition matrix of the transition diagram below (6 marks)



e. The number of the lions $y=1, 2, 3 \dots$ breaking out of a Nairobi national park within the last one month follow the distribution $f(y|\theta) = \theta(1 - \theta)^{y-1}; y = 1,2,3,\dots; 0 < \theta < 1$. Find the Jeffrey's prior distribution of θ and hence or otherwise its posterior distribution. (9 marks)

f. Is a vague prior the same as a non-informative prior? (3 Marks)

Question 2 (15 marks)

- a. Imagine you are a financial analyst at an investment bank. According to your research of publicly-traded companies, 60% of the companies that increased their share price by more than 5% in the last three years replaced their CEOs during the period. At the same time, only 35% of the companies that did not increase their share price by more than 5% in the same period replaced their CEOs. Knowing that the probability that the stock prices grow by more than 5% is 4%, find the probability that the shares of a company that fires its CEO will increase by more than 5%. (5 marks)
- b. The WinBUGS model below concerns the proportion of seeds that germinated on each of 21 plates arranged according to a 2 by 2 factorial layout by seed and type of root extract. Let r_i and n_i respectively be the number of germinated and the total number of seeds on the i th plate, $i=1,\dots,N$.

```
model {
  for (i in 1:K) {
    for (j in 1:n) {
      Y[i, j] ~ dnorm(eta[i, j], tauC)
      eta[i, j] <- phi[i, 1] / (1 + phi[i, 2] * exp(phi[i, 3] *
x[j]))
    }
    phi[i, 1] <- exp(theta[i, 1])
    phi[i, 2] <- exp(theta[i, 2]) - 1
    phi[i, 3] <- -exp(theta[i, 3])
    for (k in 1:3) {
      theta[i, k] ~ dnorm(mu[k], tau[k])
    }
    tauC ~ dgamma(1.0E-3, 1.0E-3)
    sigmaC <- 1 / sqrt(tauC)
    varC <- 1 / tauC
    for (k in 1:3) {
      mu[k] ~ dnorm(0, 1.0E-4)
      tau[k] ~ dgamma(1.0E-3, 1.0E-3)
      sigma[k] <- 1 / sqrt(tau[k])
    }
  }
}
```

- i. Describe using simple mathematical equation the likelihood and the priors from the WinBUGS code above (7 marks)
- ii. Sketch the densities of parameter “tauC” under Gamma and Uniform priors? (3 marks)

Question 3 (15 marks)

- a. Why do you think Food & Drug Administration (FDA) does not have much faith on the use Bayesian inference in Clinical Trials? How do you convince FDA to allow Bayesian inference in a Clinical Trial analysis? (5 Marks)
- b. Consider a bivariate normal posterior distribution of the parameters θ_1 and θ_2 :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \theta_1 \\ \theta_2 \end{pmatrix} \sim N \left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

- i. Determine the full conditionals of $\theta_1|\theta_2$ and $\theta_2|\theta_1$. (5 Marks)
- ii. Write a **R code** for Gibbs sampling from the full conditionals in (a.) above. (5 Marks)

Question 4 (15 marks)

Suppose we have number of failures y_i for 10 pumps in a nuclear plant. We also have the times t_i at which each pump was observed. Determine the Poisson likelihood, and hence the posterior distribution of the number of failures where the expected number of failures λ_i differs for each pump. Use Gamma (α, β) prior on the λ_i .

