Strathmore
UNIVERSITY

## BACHELOR OF FINANCIAL SERVICES <br> END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION <br> BFS 1102: ACCOUNTING IN BUSINESS 1

DATE: Thursday, $15^{\text {th }}$ November 2022
TIME: 2 Hours

## Instructions:

Answer QUESTION ONE and any other TWO QUESTIONS

## QUESTION ONE

(a) Mercy and John are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio $2: 1$ respectively after crediting themselves with an $8 \%$ p.a interest on capital and a salary of Ksh. 30,000 and Ksh. 35,000 per month respectively. Their trial balance for the year ended $31 / 12 / 2021$ is as follows

|  | Dr | Cr |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  | Ksh. '000' | Ksh. '000' |
| Plant and Machinery(at cost) | 26,000 |  |
| Motor vehicle(at cost) | 14,200 |  |
| Furniture (at cost) | 8,400 |  |
| Purchases | 86,640 |  |
| Sales |  | 116,700 |
| Inventory $1 / 1 / 2021$ | 2,450 |  |
| Discount | 1,270 | 1,180 |
| Carriage inwards | 1,230 |  |
| Carriage outwards | 1,520 |  |
| Accounts receivable | 9,500 |  |
| Accounts payable |  |  |


| Cash at Bank | 6,700 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Rent and rates | 1,130 |  |
| Electricity \& Water | 685 |  |
| Cash in hand | 2920 |  |
| Bank Loan |  | 3,700 |
| Insurance | 1,590 |  |
| Bad debts | 2100 |  |
| Returns | 720 | 495 |
| Salaries \& Wages | 1,750 |  |
| Drawing : Mercy | 1,420 |  |
| John | 1,860 |  |
| Capital A/C :Mercy |  | 20,800 |
| John |  | 16,500 |
| Current A/C :Mercy |  | 3,800 |
| John |  | 4,110 |
|  |  | 172,085 |

## Additional information:

1. Inventory in at $31 / 12 / 2021$ amount to Ksh. 1,820,000
2. Salaries and wages in arrears amount Ksh. 125,000 while rent and rates paid in advance is Ksh. 140,000.
3. Electricity and water in accrued amounted to Shs. 118,000.
4. Depreciation is charged as follows
i. Plant and machinery $10 \%$ p.a, reducing balance method
ii. Motor vehicles $14 \%$ p.a on cost, straight line method
iii. Furniture $12 \%$ p.a on cost, straight line method
5. Provision for bad and doubtful debts is to be maintained at $6 \%$ of accounts receivable

## Required:

i. Partners Statement of Comprehensive income
ii. Partners, Profit and Loss Appropriation A/C
iii. Partner's current A/C
iv. Partnership Statement of financial position as at 31/12/2021
(b) Assume that you are the Accountant of Jubilant wholesalers a sole proprietorship business. In preparing the accounts of the business you are faced with the following problems:
i. The business has just employed a sales manager who has an experience of 30 years in a similar business
ii Stationeries worth Shs. 500 have not been recorded in the books of accounts
Explain which accounting principle you would consider in dealing with each of the above problems
(4 marks)
(c) Explain meaning of contra entry as used in preparation of cash book
(2 marks)
(d) The users of financial statements are those groups identified as having reasonable right to the information and whose information needs should be recognized. Explain four groups interested in financial statement of a business enterprise.
(4 marks

## QUESTION TWO

(a) Mr Levi started a new business with Shs. 2,460,000 cash on May 2021. During May he carried out the following transactions:

| 1st May | Deposited Shs. 829,000 in a bank account. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2nd May | Bought goods worth Shs 542,000 cash |
| 3rd May | Sold goods for Shs 783,000 cash |
| 9th May | Paid Rent Shs. 90,700 Cash |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ may | bought goods on credit worth sh.274,000 from Queens Ltd |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ may | Sold goods on credit worth sh. 183, 200 to Mums Ltd |
| $18^{\text {th }}$ May | Received from Mums ltd Shs.. 140,200 cash |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ May | Paid Queens ltd Shs. 98,000 by cheque |

## Required

(i) Record the transactions in the relevant ledger accounts and balance off the accounts

## (10 marks)

(ii) Extract a trial balance
(2 marks)
(b) Control accounts are essential In large business organisation with huge volumes of credit sales and purchasesExplain three advantages of control accounts

## QUESTION THREE

(a) The cash book bank column of James for the month December 2021 is as follows:

| Date | Cheque. <br> No | Details | Amount <br> (Shs.) | Date | Cheque <br> No. | Details | Amount <br> (Shs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2 / 12$ | 018 | Lois | 34,000 | $1 / 12$ |  | Balance b/f | 30,000 |
| $10 / 12$ | 119 | Roy | 38,000 | $5 / 12$ | 651 | Benson | 56,000 |
| $18 / 12$ | 125 | James | 36,000 | $12 / 12$ | 652 | Dorris | 38,000 |
| $22 / 12$ | 173 | Jack | 24,000 | $20 / 12$ | 653 | Joseph | 20,000 |
|  |  |  |  | $20 / 12$ | 654 | Onesmus | $\underline{24,000}$ |

The bank provided the following bank statement as at 31/12/21

| Date | Cheque <br> no. | Details | Debit(Shs.) | Credit(Shs.) | Balance(Shs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 / 12$ |  | Balance b/f | 20,000 |  | $(30,000)$ |
| $2 / 12$ | 018 |  |  | 34,000 | $?$ |
| $5 / 12$ | 651 |  | 56,000 |  | $?$ |
| $10 / 12$ | 119 |  | 4,900 | 38,000 | $?$ |
| $11 / 12$ |  | Ledger fees |  |  | $?$ |
| $12 / 12$ | 652 |  |  | $?, 000$ |  |
| $18 / 12$ |  | Interest income |  | $?, 800$ | $?$ |
| $19 / 12$ |  | ABC Insurance | 2,000 |  | $?$ |
| $22 / 12$ |  | CIC ltd | 9,000 |  | $?$ |
| $31 / 12$ |  | Balance |  |  | $?$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $?$ |

Required:
(i) Calculate the balance as per the cash book
(ii) Prepare adjusted cash book
(iii)Prepare a bank reconciliation statement
(b) Using illustrations, explain four_ methods of estimating depreciation
(4 Marks)

## QUESTION FOUR

(a) Jugss Ltd, a Jugs ‘ manufacturer has several customers and suppliers. The following information was extracted from the books of the company for the month ended 30 April 2021.

Shs.

| Credit Balance on 1April 2021 - Sales ledger | 627,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Purchases ledger | 809,000 |
| Debit Balance on 1 April 2021: Sales ledger | $1,270,000$ |
| Purchases ledger | 510,000 |
| Credit Balance on 30 April 2021: Sales ledger | 378,000 |
| Debit Balance on 30 April 2021: Purchases ledger | 452,000 |
| Credit Purchases | $7,920,000$ |
| Credit sales | $11,390,000$ |
| Cheque received from customers | $3,280,000$ |
| Cash received from customers | $2,390,000$ |
| Cheque payments to suppliers | $1,810,000$ |
| Cash payments to suppliers | 642,000 |
| Returns inwards | 505,000 |
| Returns outwards | 412,000 |
| Discounts Received | 202,000 |
| Discounts Allowed | 187,000 |
| Bad debts written off | 315,000 |


| Contra entry to receivables ledger from payables ledger | 418,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Refunds to customers | 96,000 |
| Dishonoured cheques from customers | 177,000 |

## Required

(i)Prepare receivables control account

## (6 marks)

(ii) Prepare payables control account
(5 marks)
(b)Explain four reasons why a company provides for depreciation of its non-current assets

## QUESTION FIVE

(a) Using illustration distinguish between revenue and capital expenditure
(4 marks)
(b)The following errors were found in the books of Juice Ltd; a Soft Drinks Company

1. A machine bought for shs 170,000 cash had been debited to the purchases account.
2. Goods sold to Jane for shs 260,000 on credit were debited to the account of Jean
3. A purchase invoice from Alex for shs 225,000 was omitted
4. Goods sold on credit to Benson for shs 370,000 were entered in the sales day book as shs730,000:
5. The salaries and wages account was overcast by shs 84,000 and rent received account had also been overcast by shs 84,000 .
6. A cash payment of sh. 40,000 for electricity was debited to cash in hand account a/c and credited to electricity account

## Required

(i) Identify the errors
(ii) Pass the necessary journal entries to correct the above errors

