

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES

BACHELOR OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES & PHILOSOPHY

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION BDP 3102 - HISTORY OF MODERN PHILOSOPHERS

Date: 16th November 2022 Time: 08:00 – 10:00

Instructions

- 1. This examination consists of **FOUR** questions. It will be marked out of 60 and adds up 60% of your final mark.
- 2. Answer Question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions.

Question ONE (Compulsory) (24 marks)

- a) What was Nicolas Copernicus famous for? (1 marks)
- b) According to Hobbes, when does Law begin? (1marks)
- c) What is a social contract according to Hobbes? (1 marks)
- d) When Hobbes talks about "laws of nature," he does not mean the same thing as Aquinas's view of "natural law." Explain the fundamental differences between the two views. (2 marks)
- e) Describe the rationalism of the Early Modern Ages. (3 marks)
- f) What is Kant's deontological position in ethics? (2 marks)
- g) What did he mean by the categorical imperative? (2 marks)
- h) Which were the outstanding philosophies of thought of the Modern era and which question did they struggle with? Define them. (4 marks)
- i) What was Descartes main concern and what other great question preoccupied him? (1 mark)
- j) Of what one thing was Descartes certain? (2 marks)
- k) Name two prominent empiricists and two prominent realists of Modern philosophy. (2 marks)
- 1) How is Spinoza different from Descartes and in which point did their ideas coincide? (3 marks)

Section II: Answer any TWO.

Question 2 (18 marks):

- a. Who wrote A Letter Concerning Toleration? (2 marks)
- b. Why was this an important letter at this time? (3 marks)
- c. What was Locke's theory of knowledge? (4 marks)
- d. What would be the likely explanation for intolerance in those times? (5 marks)
- e. Criticise/support these views with regard to our present day and age. (4 marks)

Question 3 (18 marks)

- a. Identify the author of *The Principles of Philosophy known as Monadology*? (1 mark)
- b. Define and describe what monads are and how are monads different from atoms? (3 marks)
- c. Outline and briefly describe 3 of the author's other key principles (6 marks)
- d. Discuss the author's solution to the problem of evil and whether it is a satisfactory one. (4 marks)
- e. According to the author, is it possible to tell monads apart how do they differ from one another? In your own words, how does the author justify this? (4 marks)

Question 4 (18 marks)

- a. Who is the author of *A Treatise of Human Nature*? (2 mark)
- b. What is his understanding of *personal identity*? (5 marks)
- c. What arguments would you provide against his notion of personal identity? (3 marks)
- d. React to his explanation of the role of memory with regard to personal identity. (4 marks)
- e. What repercussions does his understanding of the notion of identity have on day to day social relations? (4 marks)

All the Best!