

Strathmore

STRATHMORE INSTITUTE OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES MASTER OF SCIENCE IN DATA SCIENCE AND ANALYTICS END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION STA 8103: LINEAR MODELS

DATE: 17th July 2022

Time: 2.5 Hours

ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS.

Question One.

- a. Outline the following approaches to model selection.
 - a. AIC. (2 marks)
 - b. LRT. (2 marks)
 - c. BIC. (2 marks)
- b. Discuss any two regularization techniques in regression analysis outlining their disadvantages. (6 marks)
- c. Ordinary least squares technique is one of the parameter estimation methods for linear models. Derive the least squares estimates for the regression parameter β_1 (6 marks)
- d. Describe two approaches you would use to determine whether an interaction effect between two variables exit (4 marks)
- e. Defining the Generalized linear model, outline its three components (4 marks).
- f. Outline the properties of the hat matrix H (4 marks)

Question Two.

The following is data on percentage of taxes and revenue collection.

Percentage	20	25	33	40
Revenue (in	120	116	98	60
billion \$)				

- a. Determine R^2 and explain it (6 marks)
- b. Test at 5% level of significance the relevant hypothesis for $\hat{\beta}_1$ (9 marks)

Question Three

a. A start-up company is conducting an aggressive marketing campaign on YouTube, Facebook, and newspaper. Their data scientist built a model for estimating sales based on the advertising budget invested on the three platforms and the results shown below.

model <- lm(sales ~ youtube + facebook + newspaper, data = marketing)
summary(model)</pre>

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = sales ~ youtube + facebook + newspaper, data = marketing)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
          10 Median
                          30
                                Max
## -10.59 -1.07 0.29
                        1.43
                                3.40
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 3.52667
                        0.37429
                                    9.42
                                           <2e-16 ***
## youtube
               0.04576
                          0.00139
                                    32.81
                                            <2e-16 ***
               0.18853
                          0.00861
## facebook
                                    21.89
                                           <2e-16 ***
## newspaper -0.00104
                          0.00587
                                    -0.18
                                             0.86
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.02 on 196 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.897, Adjusted R-squared: 0.896
## F-statistic: 570 on 3 and 196 DF, p-value: <2e-16
```

Provide a concise description of the results (8 marks).

b. Non-linear least squares regression extends linear least squares regression for use with much larger and more general class of functions. Outline the non-linear least squares optimization using the Gauss-Newton algorithm (7 marks)

Question Four

- a. Discuss any 4 departures from the linear model assumption, how to determine them giving possible remedial measures (8 marks).
- b. Local polynomial model is one of the ways of relaxing the non-linearity assumptions. Discuss the local polynomial regression for estimating a regression function at point x_0 . (7 marks)

Question 5

Consider the following one-Way ANOVA with 2 groups with three observations each.

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_{11} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{1n_1} \\ Y_{21} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{2n_2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} \\ \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{1n_1} \\ \varepsilon_{21} \\ \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{2n_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

The rank of X is 2. Reducing the model to one of full rank, obtain the estimates for α (15 marks)